

1. The point $(2, 7)$ is a solution to the system of equations given below.

$$3x + 2y = 20$$

$$x - y = -5$$

- (a) Show that this point is a solution.
 (b) Add the two equations together and show that $(2, 7)$ is a solution to the result.
 (c) Subtract the two equations (be careful) and show that $(2, 7)$ is a solution to the result.
 (d) Multiply both sides of the second equation by 2. Show that $(2, 7)$ is a solution to the result.
2. The point $(4, -2)$ is a solution to the system of equations. Which of the following equations would it *not* be a solution to?

$$2x + y = 6$$

$$x + 5y = -6$$

- (1) $3x + 6y = 0$ (2) $2x + 10y = -12$ (3) $2x + 2y = 12$ (4) $x - 4y = 12$

3. Which of the following points is a solution to the system?

$$x - 2y = -11$$

$$5x + 2y = 29$$

- (1) $(4, 1)$ (2) $(5, 2)$ (3) $(-3, 9)$ (4) $(3, 7)$

R1. Simplify. $7(m - 3) + 4(m + 5)$

R2. State the property used below.

$$(4 + 3) + 2 = 4 + (3 + 2)$$

R3. What is the slope of the line $2x - 3y = 8$?

R4. What is the slope of the line that joins the points $(-2, 13)$ and $(2, 3)$? Write its equation.

R5. Solve for g : $s = \frac{1}{2}gt$

1. (a) $20 = 20$, $-5 = -5$
 (b) $15 = 15$
 (c) $20 = 25$
 (d) $-10 = -10$

R3. $m = \frac{3}{2}$

R5. $g = \frac{2s}{t}$

2. (3)

R4. $m = -\frac{5}{2}$

3. (4)

$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 8$

R1. $11m - 1$

R2. Associative